## GARMIN. PANOPTIX<sup>™</sup> LIVESCOPE<sup>™</sup> INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

## Important Safety Information

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See the *Important Safety and Product Information* guide in the chartplotter product box for product warnings and other important information.

You are responsible for the safe and prudent operation of your vessel. Sonar is a tool that enhances your awareness of the water beneath your boat. It does not relieve you of the responsibility of observing the water around your boat as you navigate.

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Failure to install and maintain this equipment in accordance with these instructions could result in damage or injury.

Always wear safety goggles, ear protection, and a dust mask when drilling, cutting, or sanding.

#### NOTICE

When drilling or cutting, always check what is on the opposite side of the surface.

To obtain the best performance and to avoid damage to your boat, you must install the Garmin<sup>®</sup> device according to these instructions.

Read all installation instructions before proceeding with the installation. If you experience difficulty during the installation, go to support.garmin.com for more information.

## **Registering Your Device**

Help us better support you by completing our online registration today. Keep the original sales receipt, or a photocopy, in a safe place.

- **1** Go to my.garmin.com/registration.
- 2 Sign in to your Garmin account.

## **Software Update**

You must update the software when you install this device.

If your Garmin chartplotter has Wi-Fi<sup>®</sup> technology, you should update the software using the ActiveCaptain<sup>™</sup> app on a compatible Android<sup>™</sup> or Apple<sup>®</sup> device. If your chartplotter does not have has Wi-Fi technology, you should update the software using a memory card and a Windows<sup>®</sup> computer.

For more information, go to support.garmin.com.

## **Tools Needed**

- Drill
- 4 mm (<sup>5</sup>/<sub>32</sub> in.) and 3.2 mm (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub> in.) drill bits
- Masking tape
- #2 Phillips screwdriver
- Marine sealant
- 32 mm (1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in.) hole saw (optional)
- Cable ties (optional)

## **Mounting Considerations**

 You must angle the transducer correctly for your selected mode to work properly.

- You must install the sonar module in a location with adequate ventilation where it will not be exposed to extreme temperatures.
- You should mount the transducer in a location where it will not be jarred when launching, hauling, or storing.
- You should mount the transducer in a location where it is not behind strakes, struts, fittings, water intake or discharge ports, thru-hull transducers, or anything that creates air bubbles or causes the water to become turbulent. Turbulent water may interfere with the sonar beam.
- You should mount the transducer as close to the center line of the boat as possible.
- When mounted farther from the center of the transom, a greater deadrise can cause the boat hull ① to interfere with the sonar beam ②, and can cause inconsistent detection on the opposite side of the boat ③. The transducer is shown from behind.



- On single-drive vessels, you must not mount the transducer in the path of the propeller.
- On twin-drive vessels, you should mount the transducer between the drives, if possible.
- You should mount the sonar module in a location where the LEDs are visible.
- You should mount the sonar module in a location where the cables can be easily connected.

## Installing the Transducer on a Trolling Motor

#### Assembling the Trolling Motor Mount Hardware

1 Align the top of the transducer ① with the top of the bracket ②.



**2** Using the included hex wrench, attach the bracket to the transducer with the shoulder screw ③, rubber washer ④, and flat washer ⑤.

**NOTE:** The recommended torque applied to the shoulder screw is 2.5 lb-ft. (3.4 N-m).

### Installing the Transducer on a Trolling Motor

#### NOTICE

You must secure the transducer cable to the shaft or other secure location during installation. Damage to the transducer cable wires or cable jacket can cause transducer failure.

 Insert the hose clamp ① through the slot on the trolling motor mount ② until equal lengths extend on both sides of the mount.



- 2 Secure the hose clamp around the trolling motor ③. NOTE: Do not rotate the transducer.
- **3** Secure the transducer cable to the motor shaft or other secure location.
- **4** Route the transducer cable to the installation location of the sonar module while taking these precautions.
  - You should not route the cable close to electrical wires or other sources of electrical interference.
  - You must route the cable so it is not pinched when the trolling motor is deployed or stowed.
- **5** Position the transducer to your desired angle (*Trolling Motor Mount Orientation*, page 2).

#### **Trolling Motor Mount Orientation**

The orientation depends on which side of the trolling motor you have mounted the transducer on, and your desired field of view.



1	Starboard side, forward view	
2	Starboard side, downward view	
3	Port side, forward view	
4	Port side, downward view	

# Installing the Transducer on a Trolling Motor Shaft

#### **Trolling Motor Shaft Bracket Orientation**

The trolling motor shaft bracket features an 8-degree cant to reduce the effects of the trolling motor barrel interference with the transducer beam. You must orient the arrow ① and the

narrow end of the angle ② to the top when you attach the bracket to the trolling motor shaft.



#### Assembling the Trolling Motor Shaft Mount Hardware

With the trolling motor bracket oriented correctly (*Trolling Motor Shaft Bracket Orientation*, page 2), use the included hex wrench to attach the transducer ① to the trolling shaft bracket ② with the shoulder screw ③, flat washer ④, and rubber washer ⑤.

**NOTE:** The recommended torque applied to the shoulder screw is 2.5 lb-ft. (3.4 N-m).



#### Installing the Transducer on the Trolling Motor Shaft

#### NOTICE

You must secure the transducer cable to the shaft or other secure location during installation. Damage to the transducer cable wire or the cable jacket can cause transducer failure.

You should mount the transducer as far from the motor as possible.

You should use the included rubber insert on a 25 mm (1 in.) trolling motor shaft.

1 Using the included hex wrench, insert the M6 screws ① and attach the shaft trolling bracket ② to the transducer bracket ③ around the trolling motor shaft.



- **2** Secure the transducer cable to the motor shaft or other secure location.
- **3** Route the transducer cable to the installation location of the sonar module while taking these precautions.
  - You should not route the cable close to electrical wires or other sources of electrical interference.

- You must route the cable so it is not pinched when the trolling motor is deployed or stowed.
- **4** Position the transducer to your desired angle (*Trolling Motor Shaft Orientation*, page 3).

#### **Trolling Motor Shaft Orientation**

The angle of installation depends on the side of the trolling motor shaft you mount the bracket on, and your desired field of view.



1	Port side, forward view
2	Port side, downward view
3	Starboard side, forward view
4	Starboard side, downward view

## Installing the Transducer on a Transom

#### Assembling the Transom-Mount Hardware

1 Attach the transducer mount bracket ① to the transducer ② using the mounting screws ③ and lock washers ④.



Attach the transducer mount bracket to the transom mount bracket (5) using the bolts (6), flat washers (7), and lock nuts (8).
NOTE: The recommended torque applied to the screw is 15 lb-ft. (20 N-m).

**NOTE:** If the transducer causes excessive spray when mounted to the transom, you can purchase a deflector to install between the transducer and mount bracket. Go to buy.garmin.com, or contact your Garmin dealer for information about optional accessories.

#### Installing the Transom-Mount Hardware

#### NOTICE

If you are mounting the bracket on fiberglass with screws, it is recommended to use a countersink bit to drill a clearance counterbore through only the top gel-coat layer. This will help to avoid cracking in the gel-coat layer when the screws are tightened.

- 1 Place the transducer mount so the top of the transducer is under the transom.
- **2** Using the transom mount as a template, mark the location of the pilot holes.

- 3 Wrap a piece of tape around a 4 mm (<sup>5</sup>/<sub>32</sub> in.) bit at 19 mm (<sup>7</sup>/<sub>10</sub> in.) from the point of the bit, to avoid drilling the pilot holes too deep.
- 4 If you are installing the bracket on fiberglass, place a piece of tape over the pilot-hole location to reduce cracking of the gel coat.
- **5** Using the 4 mm ( ${}^{5}\!\!/_{32}$  in.) bit, drill the pilot holes approximately 19 mm ( ${}^{3}\!\!/_{4}$  in.) deep at the marked locations.
- 6 Apply marine sealant to the included 20 mm screws.
- 7 Using the three 20 mm screws ①, attach the transducer mount to the transom.



- 8 If you must route the cable through the transom, choose a pilot-hole location well above the waterline and mark it.
- **9** If you marked a pilot hole in step 8, use a  $32 \text{ mm} (1 \frac{1}{4} \text{ in.})$  hole saw to drill a pass-through hole completely through the transom.

**10** Route the transducer cable to the sonar module:

- If you are routing the cable using a pass-through hole, push it through the hole you drilled in step 9.
- If you are not routing the cable using a pass-through hole, route the cable up and over the top of the transom .

You should avoid routing the cable close to electrical wires or other sources of electrical interference.

#### **Transom Mount Orientation**



## Mounting the Sonar Module

#### Mounting the Panoptix LiveScope GLS 10 Device

#### NOTICE

If you are mounting the device in fiberglass, when drilling the pilot holes, it is recommended to use a countersink bit to drill a clearance counterbore through only the top gel-coat layer. This will help to avoid cracking in the gel-coat layer when the screws are tightened.

**NOTE:** Stainless-steel screws may bind when screwed into fiberglass and overtightened. It is recommended to apply an anti-seize lubricant to the screws before installing them.

**NOTE:** Screws are included with the device, but they may not be suitable for the mounting surface.

Before you mount the device, you must select a mounting location and determine what screws and other mounting hardware are needed for the surface.

1 Place the device in the mounting location and mark the location of the pilot holes.

- 2 Drill a pilot hole for one corner of the device.
- **3** Loosely fasten the device to the mounting surface with one corner and examine the other three pilot-hole marks.
- **4** Mark new pilot-hole locations if necessary, and remove the device from the mounting surface.
- 5 Drill the remaining pilot holes.
- 6 Secure the device to the mounting location.

#### **Blink Codes**

After the sonar module is installed, it turns on when the chartplotter is turned on. The color status LED on the sonar module indicates its operational status.

LED Color	State	Status
Green	Blinking	The sonar module is connected to a chartplotter and is operating properly. You should see sonar data on the chartplotter.
Red	Blinking	The sonar module is turned on, but is not connected to a chartplotter, or is waiting to connect to a chartplotter. If the sonar module is connected to the chartplotter and this code persists, check the wiring connections.
Orange	Blinking	A software update is in progress.
Red/Green	Blinking	Reserved
Red	Two blinks followed by a 3- second pause	Other sonar failure.
Red	Three blinks followed by a 3- second pause	The transducer is not detected by the sonar module. If this code persists, check the wiring connections.
Red	Five blinks followed by a 3- second pause	The sonar module input voltage exceeds the maximum input voltage.

## **Installation Diagram**



1	Compatible Garmin chartplotter
2	Panoptix LiveScope GLS 10 sonar module
3	Panoptix LiveScope LVS32 transducer
4	Power wire
5	Garmin Marine Network wire
6	Transducer cable
7	7.5 A fast-acting fuse (required)

#### **Calibrating the Compass**

Before you can calibrate the compass, the transducer must be installed on the shaft far enough away from the trolling motor to avoid magnetic interference, and deployed in the water. Calibration must be of sufficient quality to enable the internal compass. **NOTE:** To use the compass, you must mount the transducer on the transom or the trolling motor shaft. The compass may not work when you mount the transducer on the motor.

**NOTE:** For best results, you should use a heading sensor such as the SteadyCast<sup>™</sup> heading sensor.

You can begin turning your boat before calibrating, but you must fully rotate your boat 1.5 times during calibration.

- 1 From an applicable sonar view, select **Menu > Sonar Setup** > **Installation**.
- 2 If necessary, select Use AHRS to turn on the AHRS sensor.
- 3 Select Calibrate Compass.
- 4 Follow the on-screen instructions.

#### Maintenance

#### **Cleaning the Transducer**

Aquatic fouling accumulates quickly and can reduce your device's performance.

- 1 Remove the fouling with a soft cloth and mild detergent.
- 2 Wipe the device dry.

## **Specifications**

#### Panoptix LiveScope LVS32 Specifications

Dimensions (L x H x W)	136.4 x 96.5 x 44.5 mm (5.37 x 3.8 x 1.75 in.)
Weight (transducer only)	850 g (1.87 lbs.)
Frequencies	From 530 to 1.1 MHz
Operating temperature	From 0 to 40°C (from 32 to 104°F)
Storage temperature	From -40 to 85°C (from -40 to 185°F)
Maximum depth/distance*	61 m (200 ft.)
Field of view	Front to back: 135 degrees Side-to-side: 20 degrees

\*Dependent upon water salinity, bottom type, and other water conditions.

# Panoptix LiveScope GLS 10 Sonar Module Specifications

x 149 x 65 mm (9.7 x 5.9 x 2.6 in.)
kg (4.33 lbs.)
-15 to 70°C (from 5 to 158°F)
-40 to 85°C (from -40 to 185°F)
10 to 32 Vdc
typical, 24 mW min., 58 W max.
nm (7 in.)
nin Marine Network

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